

HAMPSHIRE SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN BOARD

LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT POLICY

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1. Introduction

'Practitioners working in both universal services and specialist services have a responsibility to identify the symptoms and triggers of abuse and neglect, to share that information and provide children with the help they need. To be effective, practitioners need to continue to develop their knowledge and skills in this area and be aware of the new and emerging threats, including online abuse, grooming, sexual exploitation and radicalisation'. ¹ This policy should be used as a guide in conjunction with each agency's own learning and development policies and procedures.

2. Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to outline:

- The roles and responsibilities of the HSCB, partner agencies and all other organisations working with children and families in ensuring all those working with children and families receive appropriate safeguarding learning and development.
- A common understanding of single and multi-agency learning and development.
- Standards for the provision and delivery of learning and development.
- Evaluation of the learning and development provided.

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 HSCB

HSCB will be responsible for maintaining and reviewing this learning and development policy.

There is no requirement for LSCBs to commission or deliver learning and development. However, the Board recognise the importance of complementing single-agency learning and development and to support partner agencies in meeting their statutory responsibilities with regards to safeguarding learning and development.

HSCB's role and responsibilities regarding learning and development is discharged through its Workforce Development Group (WDG).

3.2 Workforce Development Group

The WDG's role and function is to:

- To identify multi-agency learning and development needs by undertaking an annual needs analysis.
- To develop, maintain and review a multi-agency learning policy.
- To agree a costed programme of learning events and to contribute to commissioning arrangements on behalf of the Board.
- To ensure that HSCB's learning remains up-to-date, relevant and provides local context.

¹ HM Government (2018) Working Together to Safeguarding Children.

- To ensure that the 'voice of the child' is considered in the commissioning of the Board's multi-agency learning programme.
- To consider opportunities for children to contribute to the Board's annual conference.
- To ensure that learning from audits, inspections and case reviews is incorporated within the Board's multi-agency learning programme.
- To deliver an annual HSCB conference aligned to the Board's priorities.
- To consider, through member updates, agency compliance with in-house and multiagency training and to escalate risks to the Board through the risk register
- To monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the Board's programme of learning through observations (undertaken by members of the group) and impact assessments.
- To consider HSCB decisions and recommendations relating to workforce development and to assure HSCB that they are implemented through a coordinated agency response.
- To authorise decisions on behalf of the Board (e.g. commissioning of learning).
- To work with other strategic boards to maximise co-commissioning of learning events to achieve efficiency and promote a family approach.
- To provide the workforce development contribution to the HSCB Annual Report.

3.3 All organisations working with children and families

All organisations working with children and families are responsible for ensuring that their staff/volunteers are competent and confident to carry out their responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.

Staff should have access to appropriate safeguarding learning and development in order that they have the knowledge and skills to identify and respond early to abuse and neglect.

There must be processes in place to identify which staff need learning and development, to what level and to evaluate the impact that the learning and development has on practice.

Relevant staff and volunteers should receive a mandatory induction which includes familiarisation with child protection responsibilities and procedures to be followed if anyone has any concerns about a child's safety or welfare. Refresher learning and development should be provided at least every three years. HSCB will seek assurance on this and other areas of learning and development via members of the Workforce Development Group and the Section 11 Audit.

Staff should be released to attend safeguarding learning and development and to complete any pre-course learning tasks.

Various statutory duties and statutory guidance apply to specific organisations working with children and families and are set out in Working Together to Safeguard Children (HM Government, 2018).

4. Single and Multi-agency learning and development

4.1 Single-agency learning and development

This learning and development must be delivered by a particular agency for its own staff and volunteers.

Each agency is responsible for developing its own learning and development content in line with statutory legislation, local and national guidance, and its own evaluation and assurance mechanisms.

The frequency and depth of single-agency learning and development courses on safeguarding will depend on the level of that agency's contact with children and the extent of its role within the safeguarding process. The safeguarding learning and development pathway set out below will give guidance to assist in the identification of learning and development needs.

4.2 Multi-agency learning and development

Multi-agency learning aims to promote a shared understanding of respective roles and responsibilities and the need to work closely with other professionals. Research has shown that multi-agency learning is useful and valued by professionals and supports collaborative decision making².

HSCB commissions and delivers a multi-agency learning programme that complements single-agency learning.

5. Standards

5.1 Introduction

All organisations working with children and families are responsible for ensuring that those working with children and families receive appropriate safeguarding learning and development relevant to their role and responsibilities.

To assist organisations in fulfilling this responsibility, HSCB has produced a set of learning and development standards which it expects all organisations working with children and families to follow. These learning and development standards relate to:

- Learning and development pathways
- Learning and development delivery

5.2 Learning and development Pathway

The HSCB learning and development pathway standards outlines:

² Carpenter et al (2009) *The Organisation, Outcomes and Costs of Inter-agency Learning and development to safeguard and promote the welfare of children*. London: Department for Children, Schools and Families.

Who should have safeguarding learning and development in terms of staff groups. The content/learning outcomes of learning and development in terms of the levels of learning and development each staff group should complete.

The table below provides an overview of the safeguarding learning and development pathways for all staff groups and volunteers. Staff will need to find out which group they are in so that they can determine the courses best suited to their role.

Learning Outcomes

The grid below provides an overview of the safeguarding learning outcomes for all staff groups and volunteers. Staff should agree with their line manager which learning they need. Staff will determine with their line manager in supervision and in annual appraisals the courses best suited to their role or those which they are required to attend.

Group One	Group Two	Group Three	Group Four	Group Five	Group Six
Staff and volunteers	Staff and volunteers who	Staff who work with children,	Professional advisors, named,	Operational managers of	Members of the LSCB
who have limited	work regularly with	young people and/or their	nominated and designated	professional advisers,	including:
contact with children,	children, young people and	parents/carers and have	persons for child protection	nominated and designated	Independent Chairs
young people and/or	with adults who are	particular responsibilities for	and their deputies in all	persons for child	Board Members
parents/carers who	parents/carers who have	safeguarding and child	services who offer guidance	protection.	Members of Sub-groups
have a responsibility to	considerable professional	protection – with a substantial	and advice to colleagues in		and senior managers
contribute to	and organisational	degree of personal	respect of appropriate levels of	Supervising child protection	responsible for the
safeguarding and	responsibility for	responsibility and autonomy to	intervention when a concern	cases.	strategic leadership of
promoting the welfare	safeguarding and	act on children and young	about a child arises.		services.
of children in the	promoting children and	people's welfare concerns.		Managing performance to	
community, but do not	young people's welfare.		Ensuring that appropriate	promote effective	Members understand
necessarily have		Using professional judgements	action is taken whenever	interagency practice.	their role and
specific safeguarding	Competence and confidence	to make decisions as to	thresholds are crossed.		responsibilities as active
organisational	in recognising abuse,	whether a child is suffering, or		Discharging responsibilities	members of
responsibilities.	sharing concerns and	is likely to suffer, significant	Providing advice/support to	under child protection	IOWSCB/HSCB.
	carrying out the duty to	harm.	colleagues where there are	plans.	
A shared understanding	safeguard all children and		unresolved disagreements,		Members understand
of roles and	young people.	Understand the assessment of	disputes or conflict with other	Contributing to decisions	expectations and are
responsibilities for		risk and harm.	agencies.	regarding risk.	able to promote multi-
safeguarding children	Knowledge of legislation,				agency communication
and promoting their	guidance and local	Putting into practice knowledge	Ensuring that their agency	Challenging decisions where	and collaboration in
welfare within their own	safeguarding children	of how to improve child	responds appropriately to	there is disagreement.	respect of safeguarding
agency and as part of a	procedures.	resilience and reduce risks of	concerns and allegations		processes.
wider IOWSCB/HSCB		harm.	regarding children within their	Co-work on complex tasks,	
partnership.	Recognising the possible		families.	e.g. joint enquiries and	Members promote
	signs of abuse and neglect.	Ability to maintain a focus on		investigations.	agency contributions to

Awareness of the		the child.	The employee understands the		the work of the
definitions of significant	Recording guidance about		thresholds for intervention and	Section 11 expectations,	IOWSCB/HSCB.
harm, abuse and	observations and concerns,	Understands the thresholds for	the duty to refer to Children's	roles and responsibilities.	
neglect.	distinguishing between	intervention and the duty to	Social Care.	The individual promotes	Members are abreast of
	observation, fact and	refer to Children's Social Care.		their agency contribution to	current policy, research
Recognising signs of	opinion.			the multi-agency	and practice
abuse and neglect.		Latest changes in legislation		safeguarding processes.	developments.
	Thresholds (or levels of	/guidance.			
Awareness of who	need) and knowing when to			Promote their agency	Members know and are
within the organisation	act.	Processes involved in Section 47		contribution to the work of	able to use lessons from
should be contacted		enquiries; roles, responsibilities		the IOWSCB/HSCB.	Serious Case Reviews as
regarding any concern	Awareness of who within	and collaborative practice.			part of their safeguarding
about a child's safety or	the organisation should be	Able to take emergency action.		Specialist training to	responsibilities.
welfare (including who	contacted regarding any	Works with complexity.		undertake key management	
to contact if that person	concern about a child's			and/or supervisory roles.	
is unavailable).	safety or welfare (including	Able to present child protection			
	who to contact if that	concerns in a child protection		Knowing legal and	
Knowing how and when	person is unavailable)	conference.		organisational frameworks,	
to share information				including levels of	
appropriately about	Information about how to	Ability to maintain professional		accountability of decision	
children, young people	check other professionals'	engagement with families		making in other agencies.	
and families.	involvement and actions in a	where there are child			
	given case.	protection concerns.			
Awareness of the					
expected standards of	Procedures for reporting	Ability to gather a full social			
behaviour by staff	concerns about a	history in partnership with			
towards children	colleague's behaviour.	parents, carers and colleagues.			
Awareness of who	When and how to	Working with children and			
within the organisation	contribute to/use the	family members, including			
should be contacted	Common Assessment	addressing lack of co-operation			
regarding any concern	Framework.	and superficial compliance			
about a colleague's	Awareness of information	within the context of role.			
behaviour towards a	sharing protocols.				
child or potential risk		Ability to contribute to serious			
that they may present.	The impact of parenting	case reviews or equivalent			
	issues, such as domestic	process.			

Familiarity with local	abuse, substance misuse, on			
safeguarding children	parenting capacity.	Managing disagreements or		
procedures.		conflict with other		
	Factors that impact on the	organisations		
	vulnerability of children,			
	including disability.	The importance of considering		
		fathers in assessments.		
	Recognising the importance			
	of family history and	The importance of analysis of		
	functioning.	previous referrals and		
		interventions, particularly those		
	Working with fathers.	relating to child in need or child		
	Lessons learned from	protection.		
	Serious Case Reviews.			

All organisations working with children and families are responsible for ensuring that safeguarding learning and development is delivered to the following standards³:

- The organisation should nominate a named professional who will be responsible for the identification and prioritisation of learning and development within the agency/organisation.
- 2. The organisation will have in place a current learning and development strategy in relation to safeguarding children which is reviewed on an annual basis.
- 3. All safeguarding learning and development is linked to current and evolving local, regional and national standards.
- 4. All safeguarding learning and development is based on explicit principles and have clear aims and objectives.
- 5. The course content will be well-researched and evidence-based, including 'lessons learnt' both on a local and a national level.
- 6. Learning and development materials will be clear, accurate, relevant and up to date.
- 7. The learning and development will be delivered by appropriately qualified and experienced trainers who have attended a train the trainer programme or professional equivalent.
- 8. Learning and development will be delivered in an environment which is conducive to learning.
- 9. Learning and development will reflect anti-oppressive, non-judgemental and anti-discriminatory practice.
- 10. Learning and development will reflect that the welfare of the child is paramount and that it incorporates and actively promotes children's rights, children's voice and their needs
- 11. All learning and development recognises and actively promotes the need for working in partnership and engaging with parents and carers. The learning and development recognises the family as a whole when safeguarding children and young people.
- 12. All learning and development promotes the need for interagency working, bringing together people and organisations, to effectively safeguard children from harm
- 13. Learning and development will be evaluated to ensure that standards are being maintained and that it well received and has a positive impact on practice.

6. Evaluation

The HSCB cannot accredit or approve single-agency safeguarding learning and development.

All organisations working with children and families should evaluate themselves against this learning and development policy in terms of their roles and responsibilities and compliance with the learning and development standards. This evaluation should inform the organisation's learning and development strategy.

HSCB will hold agencies to account in their efforts to ensure that all staff and volunteers working with children and families are trained in safeguarding to an appropriate level.

³ Adapted from : PIAT (2003) Sustaining quality: Standards for Interagency Child Protection Training and Developments)

HSCB will monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of single and multi-agency safeguarding learning and development via:

- Section11 audit programme.
- Work plan of the Board's Workforce Development Group.
- Annual report into the effectiveness of safeguarding.
- Observations conducted by members of the Workforce Development Group on multi-agency learning and development.

7. Review of the strategy

This policy will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Workforce Development Group.