



Fact Sheet 04: Warning signs that FGM may be about to take place¹

The age at which girls undergo FGM varies enormously according to the community. The procedure may be carried out when the girl is newborn, during childhood or adolescence, at marriage or during the first pregnancy. However, the majority of cases of FGM are thought to take place between the ages of 5 and 8 and therefore girls within that age bracket are at a higher risk.

It is believed that FGM happens to British girls in the UK as well as overseas (often in the family's country of origin). Girls of school age who are subjected to FGM overseas are thought to be taken abroad at the start of the school holidays, particularly in the summer holidays, in order for there to be sufficient time for her to recover before returning to her studies.

There can also be clearer signs when FGM is imminent:

It may be possible that families will practise FGM in the UK when a female family elder is around, particularly when she is visiting from a country of origin.

A professional may hear reference to FGM in conversation, for example a girl may tell other children about it.

A girl may confide that she is to have a 'special procedure' or to attend a special occasion to 'become a woman'.

A girl may request help from a teacher or another adult if she is aware or suspects that she is at immediate risk.

Parents state that they or a relative will take the child out of the country for a prolonged period.

A girl may talk about a long holiday to her country of origin or another country where the practice is prevalent

Parents seeking to withdraw their children from learning about FGM.

Organisations should also ensure that professionals are aware of the NSPCC FGM helpline, **0800 028 3550**. This is helpline can support both professionals or family members concerned that a child is at risk of, or has had FGM.

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¹ See: